Case No	Defendant:	Date:
Defendant's Guide Sheet for Protective Orders - Please Read Carefully		Orders - Please Read Carefully
	g information is provided to further explain the prote ties as the Defendant.	ective order that has been served upon you and your
ORDEI can includ a child in grandpare	been served with one of the following protective on ROF PROTECTION: An Order of Protection is used for the one of the following: 1) married now or in the past, 2) list common, 4) one of you is pregnant by the other, 5 ent), or 6) current or previous romantic or sexual relations that an act of domestic violence.	a "family" relationship between you and the Plaintiff. This ve together now or lived together in the past, 3) parent of you are a relative (parent, in-law, brother, sister, or
	ICTION AGAINST HARASSMENT: The Plaintiff has aller assment against the Plaintiff within the last year.	eged that you have committed a series of acts (more than
	NCTION AGAINST WORKPLACE HARASSMENT: Tent, has been filed against you by an employer or owner of the state of	
	PROTECTED PERSONS: It is possible that you will be	referred to Superior Court if your children are listed as cide child custody or parenting time in a separate action.

- 3. SERVICE AND EFFECT: This protective order is valid for one year from the date it was served on you and is enforceable by law enforcement in any state or tribal nation in the United States.
- 4. PROTECTIVE ORDER HEARING: If you disagree with this protective order, you have the right to request a hearing, which will be held within 5 to 10 business days after your written request has been filed in the court that issued this order. If a hearing is held and the Order remains in effect or is modified, and you and the Plaintiff 1) are married now or in the past, 2) live together now or lived together in the past, or 3) are parents of a child in common, you may be prohibited from possessing a firearm. This firearms prohibition may apply even if you fail to appear for the hearing. If you have questions as to whether your request for a hearing can result in this firearms prohibition, you should contact an attorney. The Court cannot give you legal advice.
- 5. MODIFYING OR QUASHING (DISMISSING) THIS PROTECTIVE ORDER: Only a judge can modify or quash (dismiss) this protective order. If you file an action for maternity, paternity, annulment, legal separation, or dissolution against the Plaintiff, you need to advise this court at once. Nothing the Plaintiff does can stop, change, or undo this protective order without the Court's written approval.
- **6. PLAINTIFF CONTACT:** Even if the Plaintiff initiates contact, you could be arrested for violating this protective order. You have the right to request a protective order against the Plaintiff if you do not want the Plaintiff to contact you. However, orders are not automatically granted upon request. Legal requirements must be met.
- 7. LAW ENFORCEMENT STANDBY: If standby has been ordered by the judge on this protective order, you may return to the residence once with a law enforcement officer to obtain necessary personal belongings. Neither law enforcement nor this protective order can resolve conflicts over property, title, furniture, finances, real estate, or other ownership issues.
- **8. FIREARMS:** If the judge has ordered under state law that you shall not possess, receive, or purchase firearms or ammunition, you must surrender them within 24 hours after service to the law enforcement agency named on this protective order and should request them to issue proof of that surrendering. You may also be required to provide documentation to the court that firearms were transferred to the appropriate law enforcement agency.